

Safety Data Sheet
Date of issue: 01/01/2024

### SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Isobutane
CAS No : 75-28-5

Formula : C4H10 / (CH3)2CHCH3

Other means of identification : 2-methylpropane, trimethylmethane, refrigerant gas R600a

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Allavino 8510 Miralani Dr. San Diego, CA 92126 888-980-4810

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 888-980-4810

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Gas 1 H220 Liquefied gas H280

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





S02 GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS

H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION

CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from Heat, Open flames, Sparks, Hot surfaces. - No smoking P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place

P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely

P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty

CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)



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2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Name : Isobutane CAS No : 75-28-5

Name	Product identifier	%
Isobutane	(CAS No) 75-28-5	99.5 - 100

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

 Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: **EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS**. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Explosion hazard

: **EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS**. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: DANGER: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Immediately cool surrounding containers with water spray from maximum distance, taking care not to extinguish flames. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. If flames are accidentally extinguished, explosive reignition may occur. Reduce vapors with water spray or fog. Stop flow of liquid if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove all containers from area of fire if safe to do so. Allow fire to burn out. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1919 Subpart L - Fire Protection.



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Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

fighters.

Other information : Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized

by DOT.).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: DANGER: Flammable, liquefied gas. FORMS EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe to do so. Reduce vapors with fog or fine water spray, taking care not to spread liquid with water. Shut off flow if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with an appropriate device.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.



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#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Isobutane (75-28-5)	obutane (75-28-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA OSHA Not established			
Isobutane (75-28-5)			
ACGIH ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)  ACGIH ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)		1000 ppm	
		1000 ppm	
USA OSHA	SA OSHA Not established		

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and lighting.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection

Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 58 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

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Odor : Sweetish.

Odor threshold : No data available pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -159 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -11.7 °C

Flash point : Not applicable.

Critical temperature : 134.5 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : 460 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : 1.8 - 8.4 vol %
Vapor pressure : 300 kPa
Critical pressure : 3604 kPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : 0.59

Density : 0.523 - 0.524 g/cm³ (at 15 °C)

Relative gas density : 2

Solubility : Water: 54 mg/l

Log Pow : 2.76

Log Kow : Not applicable.

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosion limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group : Liquefied gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects



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Acute toxicity : Not classified

Isobutane ( \f )75-28-5		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	658 mg/l/4h	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	285000 ppm/1h	
ATE US (vapors)	658.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	658.000 mg/l/4h	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	285000 ppm/1h	
ATE US (gases)	142500.000 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	658.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	658.000 mg/l/4h	

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified exposure)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. **Toxicity**

Ecology - general : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

### Persistence and degradability

·,		
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
Persistence and degradability	The substance is biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
Persistence and degradability	The substance is biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential** 12.3.

Isobutane (75-28-5)		
BCF fish 1	1.57 - 1.97	
Log Pow	2.76	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
BCF fish 1	1.57 - 1.97	
Log Pow	2.76	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.	

#### 12.4. **Mobility in soil**

Isobutane (75-28-5)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.	

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12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1969 Isobutane, 2.1

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1969
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Isobutane

Class (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 19 - For domestic transportation only, the identification number UN1075 may be used in place of the identification number specified in column (4) of the 172.101 table. The identification number used must be consistent on package markings, shipping papers and emergency response information

T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter

# **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 115 (UN1075)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows

what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1969

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : ISOBUTANE Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 115

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1969
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Isobutane

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

# Isobutane (75-28-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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Isobutane (75-28-5)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard	

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

# Isobutane (75-28-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### Isobutane (75-28-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### **EU-Regulations**

#### Isobutane (75-28-5)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Isobutane (75-28-5)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

# 15.3. US State regulations

Isobutane(75-28-5)		
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No	
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

Isobutane (75-28-5)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

#### Isobutane (75-28-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List



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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained therein, and assume no responsability regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

NFPA health hazard : 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard

beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn

readily.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

NFPA fire hazard

Health : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 4 Severe Hazard
Physical : 2 Moderate Hazard

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.